

### The most used math methods are :

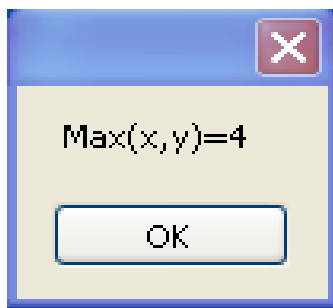
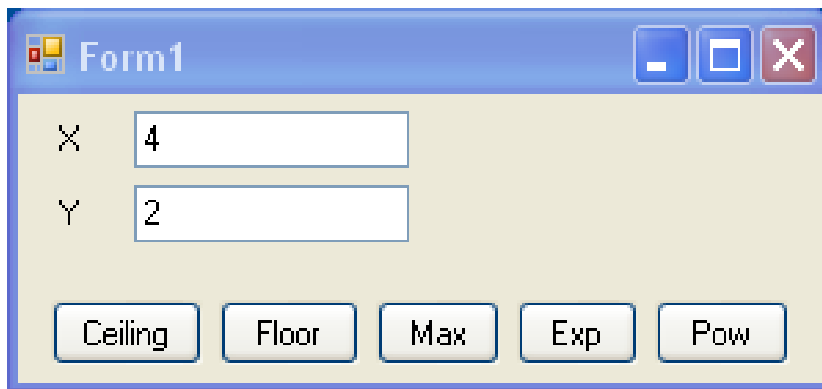
- Abs( x ) - absolute value of x for example: Abs(-4) is 4
- Ceiling( x ) - rounds x to the smallest integer not less than x for example: Ceiling( 9.2 ) is 10.0 , Ceiling( -9.8 ) is -9.0
- Floor( x)- rounds x to the largest integer not greater than x for example: Floor( 9.2 ) is 9.0 , Floor( -9.8 ) is -10.0
- Exp( x)- exponential method exp for example: Exp ( 1.0 ) is approximately 2.7182818284590451
- Sqrt( x)- square root of x for example: Sqrt( 9.0 ) is 3.0
- Pow( x, y)- x raised to power y (xy) for example: Pow( 2, 3 ) is 8
- Max( x, y)- larger value of x and y (float, int and long values) for example: Max( 2.3, 12.7 ) is 12.7
- Min( x, y)- smaller value of x and y (float, int and long values) for example: Min( 2.3, 12.7 ) is 2.3

The Math class also defines two commonly used mathematical constants—Math.PI (3.14159265358979323846) and Math.E (2.7182818284590452354).

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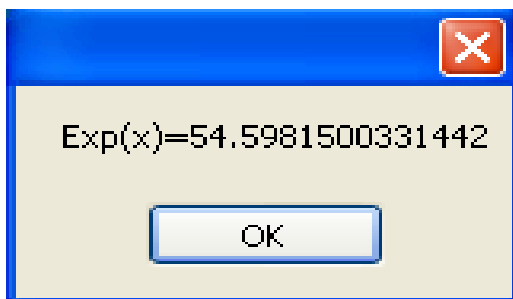
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```
private void ButPow_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    double x, y, z;
    x = double.Parse(TxtX.Text);
    y = double.Parse(TxtY.Text);
    z = Math.Pow(x, y);
    MessageBox.Show("Pow(x,y)=" + z.ToString());
}
```

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